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What is claimed is:

1	1.	A method for aligning a plurality of optical elements in an optical device,
2	comprising th	e steps of:

- (a) placing at least a first optical element in a first beam path;
- fixing the first optical element in place without substantially compensating for (b) errors in optical alignment;
 - placing at least a first optical alignment element (OAE) in the first beam path; and (c)
 - aligning the first beam path to a first desired beam path by adjusting the first (d) OAE, wherein the alignment of the first beam path substantially compensates for cumulative alignment errors in the first beam path.
 - 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the first OAE comprises two coupled, nonparallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein at least one of the surfaces comprises a refractive or defractive element.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the first OAE comprises two coupled, non-2 parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein each of the two of the coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces include a reflective element in the first beam path.
 - The method of claim 1, wherein the first optical element comprises one of the 4.

2	wing:		
3	a lens;		
4	a mirror;		
5	a collimator;		
6	a laser;		
7	a detector;		
8	an optical fiber;		
9 a fiber collimator;			
0	a light emitting diode;		
u L	a holographic element; an optical signal modulator; a thermoelectrically cooled laser a grating; and		
2 12			
4			
5 i	an array of optical devices.		
	5. The method of claim 1, wherein the first optical element is a first filter.		
1	6. The method of claim 4, wherein the first filter is a first reflective notch filter.		
1	7. The method of claim 1, further comprising:		
2	(a1) placing at least a second optical element in a second beam path;		

fixing the second optical element in place without substantially compensating for

2200P -31-

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(b1)

- (c1) placing at least a second OAE in the second beam path; and
- 6 (d1) aligning the second beam path to a second desired beam path by adjusting the
- 7 second OAE, wherein the alignment of the second beam path substantially compensates for
- 8 cumulative alignment errors in the second beam path.
- The method of claim 7, wherein the second optical element comprises a second
 - 2 filter.

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- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the second filter is a second reflective notch filter.
 - 10. The method of claim 7, further comprising:
 - (a2) placing at least a third optical element in a third beam path;
- (b2) fixing the third optical element in place without substantially compensating for errors in optical alignment;
- 5 (c2) placing at least a third OAE in the third beam path; and
- 6 (d2) aligning the third beam path to a third desired beam path by adjusting the third
- 7 OAE, wherein the alignment of the third beam path substantially compensates for cumulative
- 8 alignment errors in the third beam path.
 - 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the third optical element comprises a third filter.

2200P -32-

The method of claim 11, wherein the third filter is a third reflective notch filter. 1 12. The method of claim 10, further comprising: 1 13. placing at least a fourth optical element in a fourth beam path; 2 (a3) fixing the fourth optical element in place without substantially compensating for 3 (b3) 4 errors in optical alignment; 5 placing at least a fourth OAE in the fourth beam path; and (c3)aligning the fourth beam path to a fourth desired beam path by adjusting the 6 (d3)fourth OAE, wherein the alignment of the fourth beam path substantially compensates for 7 cumulative alignment errors in the fourth beam path. The method of claim 13, wherein the fourth optical element comprises a fourth 14. filter. The method of claim 14, wherein the fourth filter is a fourth reflective notch filter. 15. The method of claim 1, wherein the adjusting step (d) comprises: 1 16. 2 selecting values for a plurality of parameters; (d1)adjusting a placement and an orientation of the first OAE in the first beam path 3 (d2)along a plurality of axes; 4 5 determining a power level for the first beam path at a location; and (d3)repeating steps (d2) and (d3) if the power level for the first beam path is not 6 (d4)

-33-

(d3iii) determining a power level for the fourth beam path at the location; and

-34-

(d4iii) repeating steps (d2iii) and (d3iii) if the power level for the fourth beam path is not

The method of claim 16, further comprising:

adjusting a placement and an orientation of a second OAE in a second beam path

approximately a desired power level.

17.

(d2i)

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2200P

approximately a desired power level.

1	20.	The method of claim 1, further comprising:	
2	(e)	fixing the first OAE in the first beam path in place.	
1	21.	The method of claim 20, wherein the fixing step (e) includes the use of epoxy.	
1	22.	The method of claim 20, wherein the fixing step (e) includes the use of welding.	
1	23.	The method of claim 20, wherein the fixing step (e) includes the use of soldering.	
e e	24.	The method of claim 20, further comprising:	
	(e1)	fixing a second OAE in a second beam path in place.	
1 	25.	The method of claim 24, further comprising:	
	(e2)	fixing a third OAE in a third beam path in place.	
1	26.	The method of claim 25, further comprising:	
2	(e3)	fixing a fourth OAE in a fourth beam path in place.	
1	27.	The method of claim 1, comprising:	
2	placii	placing a fifth optical element in the first beam path;	
3	fixing	fixing the fifth optical element in place without substantially compensating for errors in	

2200P -35-

optical alignment;

5	placing a sixth optical element in the first beam path; and		
6	fixing the sixth optical element in place without substantially compensating for errors in		
7	optical alignment.		
1	28. The method of claim 1, wherein:		
2	the optical device includes a system conforming to an IEEE standard.		
1	29. The method of claim 1, wherein:		
2 0	the optical device includes a system conforming to an IEEE 802 standard.		
u T	30. The method of claim 1, wherein:		
2 10	the optical device includes a system conforming to one or more of a XAUI, XENPAK		
3	and XGP transceiver standard.		
	31. A method for aligning a plurality of optical elements in an optical device,		
2	mprising the steps of:		
3	(a) placing at least a first optical element in a first beam path and at least a second		
4	optical element in a second beam path;		
5	(b) fixing the first optical element and the second optical element in place without		
6	substantially compensating for errors in optical alignment;		
7	(c) placing at least a first OAE in the first beam path and at least a second OAE in the		
8	second beam path; and		

2200P -36-

- 9 (d) aligning the first beam path to a first desired beam path by adjusting the first OAE
 10 and aligning the second beam path to a second desire beam path by adjusting the second OAE,
 11 wherein the alignment of the first beam path substantially compensates for cumulative alignment
 12 errors in the first beam path, wherein the alignment of the second beam path substantially
 13 compensates for cumulative alignment errors in the second beam path.
 - 32. The method of claim 31, wherein the first OAE comprises two coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein at least one of the surfaces comprises a refractive or defractive element.
 - 33. The method of claim 31, wherein the first OAE comprises two coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein each of the two of the coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces include a reflective element in the first beam path.
 - 34. The method of claim 31, wherein the second OAE comprises two coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein at least one of the surfaces comprises a refractive or defractive element.
- 1 35. The method of claim 31, wherein the first OAE comprises two coupled, nonparallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein each of the two of the coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces include a reflective element in the first beam path.

2200P -37-

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1	36. The method of claim 31, wherein the first optical element comprises one of the	
2	following:	
3	a lens;	
4	a mirror;	
5	a collimator;	
6	a laser;	
7	a detector;	
8	an optical fiber;	
9	a fiber collimator;	
9 10 15 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	a light emitting diode;	
1	a holographic element;	
12	an optical signal modulator;	
13	a thermoelectrically cooled laser	
14	a grating; and	
15	an array of optical devices.	
1	37. The method of claim 31, wherein the second optical element comprises one of the	
2	following:	
3	a lens;	
4	a mirror;	
5	a collimator;	
6	a laser;	

-38-

2200P

7	a de	a detector;		
8	an o	an optical fiber;		
9	a fib	a fiber collimator;		
10	a lig	a light emitting diode;		
11	a ho	a holographic element;		
12	an o	an optical signal modulator;		
13	a the	a thermoelectrically cooled laser		
14	a gra	a grating; and		
an array of optical devices.		rray of optical devices.		
	38.	The method of claim 31, wherein the first optical element is a first filter and the		
	second option	cal element is a second filter.		
ħ	39.	The method of claim 38, wherein the first filter is a first reflective notch filter and		
2 The state of the	the second i	ilter a second reflective notch filter.		
1	40.	The method of claim 31, further comprising:		
2	(a1)	placing at least a third optical element in a third beam path;		
3	(b1)	fixing the third optical element in place without substantially compensating for		
4	errors in op	tical alignment;		
5	(c1)	placing at least a third OAE in the third beam path; and		

aligning the third beam path to a third desired beam path by adjusting the third

2200P -39-

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(d1)

1 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the fourth optical element comprises a fourth filter.

cumulative alignment errors in the fourth beam path.

The method of claim 44, wherein the fourth filter is a fourth reflective notch filter. 45.

The method of claim 31, wherein the adjusting step (d) comprises: 46.

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2	(d1)	selecting values for a plurality of parameters;	
3	(d2)	adjusting a placement and an orientation of the first OAE in the first beam path	
4	along a plurality of axes;		
5	(d3)	determining a power level for the first beam path at a location;	
6	(d4)	repeating steps (d2) and (d3) if the power level for the first beam path is not	
7	approximately	ely a desired power level;	
8	(d5)	adjusting a placement and an orientation of a second OAE in a second beam path	
9	along the plur	long the plurality of axes;	
10	(d6)	determining a power level for the second beam path at the location; and	
1 1	(d7)	repeating steps (d5) and (d6) if the power level for the second beam path is not	
	approximately	ately a desired power level.	
The state of the s			
1	47.	The method of claim 39, further comprising:	
2	(d2i)	adjusting a placement and an orientation of a third OAE in a third beam path	
3	along the plur	rality of axes;	
4	(d3i)	determining a power level for the third beam path at the location; and	
5	(d4i)	repeating steps (d2i) and (d3i) if the power level for the third beam path is not	
6	approximately a desired power level.		
1	48.	The method of claim 47, further comprising:	
2	(d2ii)	adjusting a placement and an orientation of a fourth OAE in a fourth beam path	

2200P -41-

along the plurality of axes;

2200P -42-

2	placing a fifth optical ele
3	fixing the fifth optical ele
4	least one axis of optical alignmen
5	placing a sixth optical ele
6	fixing the sixth optical el
7	at least one axis of optical alignm
1	56. The method of cla
2	the optical device include
	57. The method of cla
	the optical device include
	58. The method of cla
2	the optical device include
3	and XGP transceiver standard.

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(a)

(b)

1	55. The method of claim 31, comprising:		
2	placing a fifth optical element in the first beam path;		
3	fixing the fifth optical element in place without substantially compensating for errors in at		
4	least one axis of optical alignment;		
5	placing a sixth optical element in the first beam path; and		
6	fixing the sixth optical element in place without substantially compensating for errors in		
7	at least one axis of optical alignment.		
1	56. The method of claim 31, wherein:		
2	the optical device includes a system conforming to an IEEE standard.		
	57. The method of claim 31, wherein:		
	the optical device includes a system conforming to an IEEE 802 standard.		
	58. The method of claim 31, wherein:		
2	the optical device includes a system conforming to one or more of a XAUI, XENPAK		
3	and XGP transceiver standard.		
1	59. A method for aligning a plurality of optical elements in an optical device,		
2	comprising the steps of:		

placing a plurality of optical elements in a plurality of beam paths;

fixing the plurality of optical elements in place without substantially

2200P -43-

compensating for errors in alignment to a location;

7 (d) attempting to actively align the plurality of OAE to the location, wherein
8 alignments of the plurality of OAE would substantially compensate for cumulative alignment
9 errors in the plurality of beam paths.

1 60. The method of claim 59, wherein at least one of the plurality of OAE comprises 2 two coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein one or more of the surfaces 3 comprises a refractive or defractive element.

61. The method of claim 59, wherein at least one of the plurality of OAE comprises two coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces, wherein each of the two of the coupled, non-parallel, and non-co-planar surfaces include a reflective element.

62. The method of claim 59, wherein at least one of the plurality of optical elements comprises one of the following:

a lens;

4 a mirror;

5 a collimator;

6 a laser;

7 a detector;

8 an optical fiber;

9 a fiber collimator;

2200P -44-

10	a light emitting diode;
11	a holographic element;
12	an optical signal modulator;
13	a thermoelectrically cooled laser
14	a grating; and
15	an array of optical devices.

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- 63. The method of claim 59, wherein the placing step (a) comprises:
- (a1) placing at least a first optical element in the first beam path and at least a second optical element in the second beam path;
- (b1) fixing the first optical element and the second optical element in place without substantially compensating for errors in optical alignment;
- (c1) placing at least a first OAE in the first beam path and at least a second OAE in the second beam path; and
- (d1) aligning the first beam path to a first desired beam path by adjusting the first OAE and aligning the second beam path to a second desired beam path by adjusting the second OAE, wherein the alignment of the first beam path substantially compensates for alignment errors in the first beam path, wherein the alignment of the second beam path substantially compensates for alignment errors in the second beam path.
- 1 64. The method of claim 63, wherein the first optical element is a first filter and the second optical element is a second filter.

-45-

2200P

aligning the fourth beam path to a fourth desired beam path by adjusting the

2200P -46-

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(d3)

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- 7 fourth OAE, wherein the alignment of the fourth beam path substantially compensates for
- 8 cumulative alignment errors in the fourth beam path.
- 1 70. The method of claim 69, wherein the fourth optical element comprises a fourth
- 2 filter.
- The method of claim 70, wherein the fourth filter is a fourth reflective notch filter.
 - 72. The method of claim 59, wherein the adjusting step (d) comprises:
 - (d1) selecting values for a plurality of parameters;
 - (d2) adjusting a placement and an orientation of a first OAE in a first beam path along a plurality of axes;
 - (d3) determining a power level for the first beam path at a location;
 - (d4) repeating steps (d2) and (d3) if the power level for the first beam path is not approximately a desired power level;
 - (d5) adjusting a placement and an orientation of a second OAE in a second beam path along the plurality of axes;
 - (d6) determining a power level for the second beam path at the location; and
- 11 (d7) repeating steps (d5) and (d6) if the power level for the second beam path is not 12 approximately a desired power level.
 - 73. The method of claim 72, further comprising:

2200P

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includes welding.

and XGP transceiver standard.

2	comprising the steps of:			
3	(a) placing at leas	t a first optical element in a first beam path;		
4	(b) fixing the first	optical element in place without substantially compensating for		
5	errors in optical alignment; and			
6	(d) step for aligni	ng the first beam path to a first desired beam path, wherein the		
7	alignment of the first beam p	alignment of the first beam path substantially compensates for cumulative alignment errors in the		
8 1 2 2				
	85. The method of	f claim 84, wherein:		
	the optical device includes a system conforming to an IEEE standard.			
Ì	86. The method o	f claim 84, wherein:		
2	the optical device inc.	udes a system conforming to an IEEE 802 standard.		
1	87. The method of	f claim 84, wherein:		
2	the optical device inc	udes a system conforming to one or more of a XAUI, XENPAK		
2	and VCD transcaiver standar	1		

A method for aligning a plurality of optical elements in an optical device,

2200P -50-

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